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Associated Authors: ¹Department of Horticulture, College of Agriculture, Junagadh Agricultural University, JUNAGADH (GUJART) INDIA

²Department of Agricultural Extension, Junagadh Agricultural University, JUNAGADH (GUJARAT) INDIA

Author for correspondence : POOJA MAHETA Department of Horticulture, College of Agriculture, Junagadh Agricultural University, JUNAGADH (GUJARAT) INDIA

Email : mahetapooja11@gmail.com

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Effect of nitrogen and phosphorus on growth, flowering and flower yield of China aster (*Callistephus chinensis* L. Nees) cv. POORNIMA

POOJA MAHETA, N.D. POLARA¹ AND JYOTIKA RATHOD²

ABSTRACT: The present investigation was carried out at Horticulture Research Station, Jambavadi Farm, Junagadh Agricultural University, Junagadh (Gujarat) during October 2014 to March 2015. The experiment was laid out in Factorial Randomized Block Design. The treatments comprised of two factors (1) nitrogen with four level viz., $150 \text{ kg N} \text{ ha}^{-1}(N_{2})$, $200 \text{ kg N} \text{ ha}^{-1}(N_{2})$, $250 \text{ kg N} \text{ ha}^{-1}(\text{N}_2)$, $300 \text{ kg N} \text{ ha}^{-1}(\text{N}_2)$ and three levels of phosphorus *i.e.* $100 \text{ kg P}_2\text{O}_5 \text{ ha}^{-1}(\text{P}_2)$, $150 \text{ kg}^{-1}(\text{P}_2)$ kg P₂O₅ ha⁻¹(P₂), 200 kg P₂O₅ ha⁻¹(P₂) with three replications. Both the highest levels of N and P significantly improved growth parameters *i.e.* plant height (51.56 cm), plant spread (328.67 cm²), secondary branches per plant (17.67), fresh weight (137.22 g) and dry weight (69.78 g) in treatment N₄ (300 kg N ha⁻¹) whereas, in case of phosphorus the plant height (47.08 cm), plant spread (316.00 cm^2), number of branches per plant (16.92), fresh weight (132.00 g) and dry weight (72 g) was noted in treatment $P_2(200 \text{ kg } P_2O_5 \text{ kg ha}^{-1})$. Maximum flowering span (79.11 days), number of flowers per plant (24.78) and yield of flowers (22.67 t ha⁻¹) were registered in 300 kg N ha⁻¹ treatment. Similarly, maximum flowering span (71.58 days), number of flowers per plant (23.58) and yield of flowers (22.08 t ha⁻¹) were registered in P₂ (200 kg P ha⁻¹). Thus, cultivation of China aster in medium black soil, the fertilizer application at the rate of 300 kg N ha-1 in two splits (first half as basal application and remaining half at 30 days after transplanting) and 200 kg P₂O₅ ha⁻¹ as basal dose has been found the best.

KEY WORDS : China aster, cv. POORNIMA, Nitrogen, Phosphorus

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